**9年级英语 第54课时《宾语从句的实际应用》 学习指南**

**【学习目标】**

1. 能够通过**观察**例句，**概括**宾语从句的定义、三要素及其用法。

2. 能够**运用**宾从，看图**说出**想知道的内容，并通过阅读**获取**答案，**完成**采访稿。

3. 能够在单项选择题、阅表主旨大意题及写作题目中**内化**并**运用**宾语从句。

**【学习任务单】**

**任务1. Listen to a song and fill in the blanks.**

 I don’t care \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_,

 where \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_,

 what \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_,

 as long as you love me.

 Who \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_,

 \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_,

 don’t care \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_,

 as long as you love me.

**任务2. Summary and examples.**

**Examples.**

1. —Do you know \_\_\_\_\_ now?

—In the People’s Hotel.

 A. where is Tom working B. where did Tom work

 C. where Tom is working D. where Tom worked

2. The teacher asked the new student\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

 A. where he lives B. where does he live C. where he lived D. where did he live

3. He said that light \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (travel) faster than sound.

**任务3. Read the passage and complete the interview.**

**The Richest，Meanest Woman in the World —— Hetty Green**

Henrietta (Hetty) Green was a very spoilt (被宠坏的), only child. She was born in Massachusetts, USA, in 1835. Her father was a millionaire businessman. Her mother was often ill, and so from the age of two her father took her with him to work and taught her about stocks and shares (股票与参股). At the age of six she started reading the daily financial (财政的) newspapers and she opened her own bank account (帐户).

Her father died when she was 21 and she inherited (继承) $7.5million. She went to New York and invested (投资) on Wall Street. Hetty saved every penny, eating in the cheapest restaurants for 15 cents. She became one of the richest and most hated women in the world. She was called “The Witch (巫婆) of Wall Street”. At 33 she married Edward Green, a multimillionaire (千万富豪), and had two children, Ned and Sylvia.

Hetty’s meanness was well-known. She always argued about prices in shops. She walked to the local grocery store to buy broken cookies (biscuits) which were much cheaper, and to get a free bone for her much-loved dog, Dewey. Once she lost a two-cent stamp and spent the night looking for it. She never bought clothes and always wore the same long, ragged black skirt. Worst of all, when her son Ned fell and injured his knee, she refused to pay for a doctor and spent hours looking for free medical help. In the end Ned’s leg was cut off.

When she died in 1916, she left her children $100 million (worth $9.3 billion today). Her daughter built a hospital with her money.

**Suppose (假设) Hetty Green comes to China, you’re a reporter from New Standard and have a chance to interview her. Complete the following dialogue.**

**Reporter:** I’m very glad to meet you. May I ask you some questions?

**Hetty:**  Sure.

**Reporter:** Could you tell me \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_?

**Hetty:**  I was born in Massachusetts, USA, in 1835.

**Reporter:** Could I ask \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_?

**Hetty:** Yes, I got married at 33.

**Reporter:** I want to know \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**Hetty:** Edward Green.

**Reporter:** I wonder \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**Hetty:** Two, Ned and Sylvia.

**Reporter:** Could you tell me\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_?

 **Hetty:** I inherited $7.5 million from my father, invested on Wall Street and saved every

 penny (分).

**Reporter**: Thank you very much.

**任务4. The Object Clause in reading.**

**1. 2019石景山一模**

World Kindness Day is a celebration which takes place on 13 November each year. It was introduced in 1998 by the World Kindness Movement. It is celebrated in many countries, including Canada, Japan, Australia and some other countries. World Kindness Day is celebrated to highlight acts of kindness passing on the positive (正面的) power.

Why be kind? Few people would disagree with the idea that a kind action is good for the soul (灵魂). It is a win-win situation because it leads to a sense of well-being both for the receiver of this kind action, as well as for the person who does the action. As a simple example, let’s imagine you have a workmate who always does a very good job. How about taking a moment to mention this to them, just in conversation or perhaps by email? The effects of this will probably be quite clear: your workmate will be happy to receive some praise and, in addition, you will probably feel good about yourself for having spread a little joy.

Many organisations try to encourage people to be kind, wherever and whenever they can. Perhaps the strongest supporters of this idea are the Random Acts of Kindness (RAK) Foundation. The RAK website suggests some ways to show kindness. Generally, these fall into three categories. The first is interpersonal kindness. Some examples are giving old clothes to charity (慈善机构) or writing a good comment about a restaurant that you like. The second is environmental kindness, which could mean simply recycling or organising a group event to clean a local park or beach. The third category is less obvious: personal kindness, which means treating yourself kindly. Some examples are taking a walk in nature or setting yourself an objective to complain less. The logic is that by being kind to yourself, you will surely be kinder to the world around you.

Most experts on kindness agree that it has a sort of ripple effect. This means that one kind action is more likely to lead to more and more. So don’t wait for kindness to find you today, go and start a new ripple!

38. What does the passage mainly tell us?

 \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Tips：

**2. 2020海淀期末节选**

 In September 2006, he established the Kunming Colorful Yunnan King-Shine Tea Industry Co. It hired poor peasants from neighboring areas to remove weeds and pick tea leaves. Professional technicians were invited to teach the peasants how to do their jobs scientifically. Besides, for the farmers who lived off the old tea trees, the company taught them how to scientifically manage their trees and produce the best tea. As a result, their tea quality has greatly improved, and the price has gone up. In this way, the tea company has helped many people get out of poverty.

58. What is the fourth paragraph mainly about?

 \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**任务5. The Object Clause in writing.**

**2020西城期末题目一**

 假如你是李华，你们班正在开展“好书伴我成长”的读书分享会。活动要求班里的每一位同学发言展示，向大家介绍自己最喜欢的一本书。你们班交换生Peter给你发邮件询问相关事情。请用英语回复一封邮件，告诉他展示的时间，并就如何做好展示分享你的一些想法。

 提示词语：great, reasons, writer, characters, pictures, confident

 提示问题：●When should you do the presentation?

 ●What would you like to share with Peter about preparing the presentation?

**Task：Underline the Object Clauses.**

*Dear Peter,*

 *I’m glad to receive your email.* I’m writing to let you know that you should do a presentation at our class meeting next Friday afternoon.

 In the presentation, you are supposed to introduce a book that has greatly influenced you. First, you can give a brief introduction of the book. You can also add some background information, such as who the writer is and when it was written. Then, you can introduce your favorite character or the most exciting part of the book. At last, you should state how it has influenced you.

 To make your presentation more impressive, a good PPT may help. Some key words and related pictures are necessary. I believe that you’ll do a great job and I’m looking forward to your presentation.

 *If there is anything more that I can help with, please let me know.*

*Yours,*

*Li Hua.*