**9年级英语第41课时学习指南**

**【学习目标】**

本节课结束时，同学们能够：

1. 了解论说文的常见结构，题目设置及阅读策略；

2. 阅读一篇论说文，体验论说文的基本解题方法；

3. 积累文章的重点词汇及扩展词。

**【学习任务单】**

**任务1、****论说文的常见结构，题目设置及阅读策略**

**任务2、实战2020东城期末D篇**

D

I recently watched a TV program *Real Sports* where the presenter looked into the culture of handing out participation (参与) trophies to children. There’s no doubt that today’s kids live in a world of scoreless games and everyone gets a trophy. Sometimes when a league decides to award (奖励) just the winners instead of all participants, the parents buy their own trophies for the whole team!

However, when we try to protect children from losing at the early ages, are they less prepared when real competition kicks in? People who support giving trophies say they want to make each child feel special, but how does this make them feel special? Stanford University looked at this recently and found that although kids react positively to praise-- they enjoy hearing that they’re talented, smart and so on, they break down at the first experience of difficulty. Discouraged by their failure, they say they’d rather cheat than risk failure again.

 There are also endless social studies showing the harmful effects of easy competition, not just on the psyche (精神) but more surprisingly on achievement. If children know they will get an award simply by showing up, what is the reason for improvement? Jean Twenge, writer of *Generation Me*, warns that when living rooms are filled with participation trophies, it’s part of a large culture message: to succeed, you just have to show up. In college, those who’ve grown up receiving these endless awards do the required work, but don’t see the need to do it well. In the office, they still believe that attendance is all it takes to get a promotion (晋升).

When I was a child, I earned my fair share of trophies but none of them was for just showing up. I also missed out on even more and had to watch my friends collect them while I stood by and clapped. I realized that in life, I’m going to lose more often than I win, even if I’m good at something, and I’ve got to get used to that to keep going.

When children make mistakes, our job should not be to turn those losses into decorated (装饰性的) victories. Instead, our job is to help kids overcome difficulties, to help them see that progress over time is more important than a certain win or loss, and to help them politely congratulate those who succeed when they fail. To do that, we need to refuse all meaningless trophies.

本篇文章的结构

30. The writer mentions Stanford University’s study to show that \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. kids should be awarded for their special talents

B. necessary protection helps kids deal with failure

C. parents should try their best to keep kids out of competition

D. overpraise is likely to reduce kids’ ability to face difficulties

31. The writer probably agrees that \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. attendance is likely the key to making progress

B. participation is more important than victory

C. getting awards easily stops kids from working hard

D. participation trophies give kids a sense of achievement

32. From his childhood experience, the writer has learned that \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. it’s difficult to accept friends’ victories

B. it’s beneficial to learn from teammates

C. it’s important to face winning or losing properly

D. it’s necessary to be excellent at something to succeed

33. Which of the following would be the best title for the passage?

A. Participation trophies: Do They Really Matter?

B. Participation trophies: Why Are They Special?

C. Participation trophies: How Do They Help Kids?

D. Participation trophies: Who Should Award Them?

**任务3、2020东城期末D篇词汇积累**

一．词汇复习，写出下列词语的中文意思

1. competition
2. recently
3. positively
4. talented
5. difficulty
6. discouraged
7. failure
8. harmful
9. achievement
10. improvement
11. winner
12. attendance
13. invention
14. creativity
15. surprisingly
16. politely
17. required
18. endless
19. meaningless
20. scoreless

二．词组翻译，将下列词组译成英文。

1.毫无疑问

2.代替，不是

3.有害的影响

4.宁愿…而不…

5.出现

6.把…变成…

7.克服困难

8.错过机会

9.继续前进

10.习惯于

11.发生故障

12.保护…不…