**《阅读理解—说明文》二轮复习解题指导 课后作业答案**

2019朝阳二模 DDAC

38. 细节理解题，第一段I was brought up to think that the preferred way of dealing with aches is to do nothing and hope they’ll go away。我一贯认为不必看医生就能好

39. 细节理解题，It trains you to use your body less severely and carry out the movements that we do all the time with less effort. 不要过度用力

40. 细节理解题，Frederick Alexander, found in his youth that he had vocal (声音的) problems during performances.在解决自己问题是发现了这一方法。

41. 主旨要义题，本文从作者自使用The Alexander technique的经验说起，向读者介绍了这一治疗方法。

2019东城二模DABD

38. 主旨要义题， 本段主要讲研究这曾用摄像机研究脚步，但存在局限，引出新的研究方法。因此本段主要是研究背景。

39. 细节理解题，But Ozanyan and Scully use a complicated version that can record the amount of pressure applied in different places as someone walks across it. 可知垫子是用来收集数据的。

40. 细节理解题，One application of the mat-based gait-recognition system might be in health care, particularly for the elderly.

41. 主旨要义题， 本文解释和说明压敏垫是如何工作的，因此是解释和告知。

2019西城二模CBAC

38. 细节理解题， This surprising result continues previous research on intentional forgetting, which focused on reducing attention to the unwanted information through redirecting attention away from unwanted experiences or holding back the memory’s retrievals (恢复).

39. 细节理解题， Importantly, it’s the intention to forget that increases the activation of the memory, and when this activation hits the ‘moderate level’ sweet spot, that’s when it leads to later forgetting of that experience.

40. 细节理解题， This will make way for future studies on how we process, and hopefully get rid of, those really strong, sticky emotional memories。最终的研究目的是如何忘记。

41. 主旨要义题， 首段第一句Choosing to forget something might take more mental effort than trying to remember it.

2019海淀二模DBAC

38. 细节理解题，the woman in Leonardo da Vinci’s most famous painting seems to look back at observers, following them with her eyes no matter where they stand in the room. 目光随观察者而动。

39. 细节理解题，If a person is illustrated or photographed looking straight ahead, even people viewing the portrait from an angle will feel they are being looked at. As long as the angle of the person’s gaze is no more than about 5 degrees off to either side, the [Mona Lisa effect](https://www.livescience.com/32483-why-does-mona-lisas-smile-change.html) occurs.

40. 细节理解题，To make sure it wasn’t just him, the researchers asked 24 people to view images。结合第四段的发现可知是为了印证发现。

41. 推理判断题，最后一段people have the desire to be looked at, so they think the woman is looking straight at them.