**阅读理解—议论文课后作业答案**

**2019年高考英语真题分类汇编专题（10篇）**

**参考答案**

1. **（2019•北京C）**本文为读者介绍了为何骚扰电话即将变得更加危险。

38. D 【解析：根据第一段中“We are finally waking up to the severity of the problem by supporting and developing a group of tools，apps and approaches intended to prevent scammers from getting through. Unfortunately，it's too little，too late.”可知，作者对骚扰电话的解决方法感到失望。故选D。】

39. A 【解析：根据第三段中“A decade of data breaches（数据侵入）of personal information has led to a situation where scammers can easily learn your mother 's name ，and far more. Armed with  this  knowledge. they're able to carry out individually targeted campaigns to cheat people.”并结合整个第三段可知，通过运用新的技术，骗子可以了解到潜在受害人的更多的信息，从而精准地定位目标。故选A。】

40. B 【解析：文章主要讲述了随着科技的进步，新的技术被研究出来，使骗子行骗更容易。因此暗示着科学技术具有两面性。故选B。】

41. C 【解析：本文为读者介绍了为何骚扰电话即将变得更加危险。C选项概括了文章大意，适合做标题。故选C。】

2. **（2019•江苏C）**本文属于议论文，讲述对信息技术的过分迷恋对国家，对个人，对慈善事业都会有不利的影响。

61.D 细节理解题。根据第二段However, they have reak impacts, as they result in misguided use of scarce  resources. 可知，对信息技术的错误判断会导致有限资源的错误使用，也就是资源的浪费，故选D。

62. A 推理判断题。根据第四段Perhaps giving money for those less fashionable things such as digging wells, extending electricity networks and making more affordable washing machines would have improved people's lives more than giving every child a laptop computer or setting up Internet centres in rural villages, I am not saying that those things are necessarily more important, but many donators have rushed into fancy programmes without carefully assessing the relative long-term costs and benefits of alternative uses of their money可知，与其给那些贫困地区孩子笔记本电脑或者建网络中心，还不如给钱打井，铺电网或者生产他们买得起的洗衣机，这些东西更能改善他们的生活。作者不是说这些东西一定更重要，但是很多捐赠者没有仔细考虑捐赠的东西的长期成本，因此作者建议捐赠者要考虑接受捐赠的人的实际情况，而不是一味地追求信息化。

63. B 推理判断。根据第五段In yet another example, a fascination with the new has led people to believe that the recent changes in the technologies of communications and transportation are so revolutionary that now we live in a "borderless world".以及Believing in such a world, many governments have put an end to some of the very necessary regulations on cross-border flows of capital, labour and goods, with poor results.

64. B 推理判断。第三段The fascination with the ICT (Information and Communication Technology) revolution, represented by the Internet, has made some rich countries wrongly conclude that making things is so "yesterday" that they should try to live on ideas.

3. **（2019•天津D）**

51.细节推断题。根据第二段the story poses an interesting question: why do some people discover new vitality and creativity to the end of their days, while others go to seed long before?可知这个故事是为了展示年龄不是实现目标的障碍。故选B。

52.猜词题。根据第三段I'm talking about people who have stopped learning on growing because they have adopted the fixed attitudes and opinions that all too often come with passing years.可知作者说的是接受固定的态度和观点而停止学习的人。故选D。

53.推断题。根据文章第四段最后一句But, if we are willing to learn, the opportunities are everywhere.可知，如果我们愿意学习，机会到处都是。说明机会偏爱那些有好奇思想的人。故选C。

54.段意题。根据第五段段意可知一个人应该用适当的方式去处理生活。

55.主旨大意题。根据文章后两段可知作者是想就如何过一个有意义的成年生活给我们提供指导。BCD文章未提到。故选A。

4. **（2019•全国Ⅲ）**文章议论了中国美学对世界时尚界的影响，由在纽约举办的展览引出讨论。

24.B细节理解。由题干中关键词"the exhibition in New York " 可定位到文章第三段，由本段最后一句可知，此次展览吸引了很多人来参观。选项A并未提及， 展览主要展出时尚衣服，因此选项C不符，选项D并未提及。

25.A细节理解。根据Hill说的话，定位文章第四段第二句可知中国女人不止是时尚的消费者，同时也在改写时尚。因此选A。

26.D词义猜测。由词句句意可知，中国设计师与欧美设计师形成竞争的关系，A选项为“向…学习”，B选项为“看不起（某人），轻视”，C选项为“与…在一起干”， 只有D选项“与…抗争”符合语境。

27.D标题判断。文章主要阐述了中国文化对世界时尚的影响，D选项符合。文章并未提及东西方美学的区别，选项C并未提及。

5. **（2019• 全国ⅠD）**文章主要讲到研究表明，对别人好，讨人喜欢对人生活的各个方面有深远的有益影响。

32. C推理判断题。根据第一段During the rosy years of elementary school, I enjoyed sharing my dolls and jokes, which allowed me to keep my high social status（在美好的小学时光里，我喜欢分享我的娃娃和笑话，这让我保持了高高的社会地位。）由此推断出，作者在小学早期时，是一个慷慨的女孩。unkind不友善的；lonely寂寞的；generous慷慨的；cool冷静的，故选C

33. A主旨大意题。第二段Mitch Prinstein, a professor of clinical psychology sorts the popular into two categories: The likable and the status seekers.（临床心理学教授Mitch Prinstein将受欢迎的人分为两类:讨人喜欢的人和追求地位的人。）是段落主题句，本段内容分别对the likable 和the status seekers 做了解释，所以本段主要介绍了两种受欢迎的分类，故选A。

34. B由第三段可知，A选项“be more aggressive”时the least well-liked kids的特点，故排除A。由第二段“Those who were highest in status in high school, as well as those least liked in elementary school...”可排除C选项。D项未提及。

35. A根据文章内容，B项内容错误。C项和D项与文章内容无关，故选A。