

作业答案:

1. 解: (1) 设椭圆 E 的标准方程为 $\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} = 1 (a > b > 0)$,

由已知 $|PF_1| + |PF_2| = 4$ 得 $2a = 4$, $\therefore a = 2$,

又点 $P\left(1, \frac{3}{2}\right)$ 在椭圆上, $\therefore \frac{1}{4} + \frac{9}{4b^2} = 1 \therefore b = \sqrt{3}$,

椭圆 E 的标准方程为 $\frac{x^2}{4} + \frac{y^2}{3} = 1$;

(2) 由题意可知, 四边形 $ABCD$ 为平行四边形

$$\therefore S_{ABCD} = 4S_{\triangle OAB},$$

设直线 AB 的方程为 $x = my - 1$, 且 $A(x_1, y_1)$ 、 $B(x_2, y_2)$,

$$\text{由} \begin{cases} x = my - 1 \\ \frac{x^2}{4} + \frac{y^2}{3} = 1 \end{cases} \text{得} (3m^2 + 4)y^2 - 6my - 9 = 0,$$

$$\therefore y_1 + y_2 = \frac{6m}{3m^2 + 4}, \quad y_1 y_2 = -\frac{9}{3m^2 + 4},$$

$$\begin{aligned} S_{\triangle OAB} &= S_{\triangle OF_1 A} + S_{\triangle OF_1 B} = \frac{1}{2} |OF_1| \cdot |y_1 - y_2| = \frac{1}{2} |y_1 - y_2|, \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{(y_1 + y_2)^2 - 4y_1 y_2} = 6 \sqrt{\frac{m^2 + 1}{(3m^2 + 4)^2}}, \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{令 } m^2 + 1 = t, \text{ 则 } t \geq 1, \quad S_{\triangle OAB} = 6 \sqrt{\frac{t}{(3t+1)^2}} = 6 \sqrt{\frac{1}{9t + \frac{1}{t} + 6}},$$

又 $\therefore g(t) = 9t + \frac{1}{t}$ 在 $[1, +\infty)$ 上单调递增,

$\therefore g(t) \geq g(1) = 10$, $\therefore S_{\triangle OAB}$ 的最大值为 $\frac{3}{2}$,

所以 S_{ABCD} 的最大值为 6.

2. 解: (1) 由题意, 椭圆 C 的标准方程为

$$\frac{x^2}{4} + \frac{y^2}{2} = 1$$

所以 $a = 2$, $b = \sqrt{2}$, 从而

$$c = \sqrt{a^2 - b^2} = 2$$

因此

故椭圆 C 的离心率 $e = \frac{c}{a} = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$

(2) 设点 A, B 的坐标分别为 $(t, 2), (x_0, y_0)$, 其中 $x_0 \neq 0$, 因为 $OA \perp OB$ $OA \perp OB$, 所以

$$\overrightarrow{OA} \cdot \overrightarrow{OB} = 0$$

即 $tx_0 + 2y_0 = 0$, 解得

$$t = -\frac{2y_0}{x_0}$$

又 $x_0^2 + 2y_0^2 = 4$, 所以

$$\begin{aligned} |AB|^2 &= (x-t)^2 + (y_0-2)^2 = \left(x_0 + \frac{2y_0}{x_0}\right)^2 + (y_0-2)^2 = x_0^2 + y_0^2 + \frac{4y_0^2}{x_0^2} + 4 \\ &= x_0^2 + \frac{4-x_0^2}{2} + \frac{2(4-x_0^2)}{x_0^2} + 4 = \frac{x_0^2}{2} + \frac{8}{x_0^2} + 4 \quad (0 < x_0^2 \leq 4) \end{aligned}$$

因为

$$\frac{x_0^2}{2} + \frac{8}{x_0^2} \geq 4 \quad (0 < x_0^2 \leq 4)$$

且当 $x_0^2 = 4$ 时等号成立, 所以 $|AB|^2 \geq 8$, 故线段 AB 长度的最小值为 $2\sqrt{2}$.